



Division of Criminal
Justice Services

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Hate Crime in New York State 2023 Annual Report

November 2025

DCJS is required by law to annually publish a report analyzing hate crime incidents and arrests reported to the agency by police departments and sheriffs' offices. Hate crime incident data included in this report were reported to DCJS through the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) system as of April 14, 2025.

Hate crime arrests are reported to DCJS by police agencies and sheriffs' departments through the state's Computerized Criminal History (CCH) system. Dispositions of arrests are reported to DCJS by the courts. This report includes:

- Reported 2023 hate crime incidents by offense, bias motivation and demographic characteristics, such as age and sex of known offenders.
- Arrests made for offenses charged as a hate crime in 2023.
- Hate crime arrests that resulted in a criminal conviction or youthful offender adjudication, annually from 2019 through 2023.
- Hate crime incidents reported annually from 2019 through 2023. These trends are detailed in the appendices to this report.

In addition to this report, hate crime data is available on the [Statistics](https://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/statistics) page of the DCJS website: www.criminaljustice.ny.gov

2023 Key Takeaways

- ◆ Total reported hate crime incidents (1,062) increased 10 percent compared to the prior year.
- ◆ More than half (53%) of the 1,062 reported hate crimes targeted individuals, and 47 percent targeted property.
- ◆ Hate crimes against persons (562) increased 12 percent, while hate crimes against property (500) increased 7 percent.
- ◆ Consistent with prior years, the most frequently reported bias motivations for hate crimes against property were anti-Jewish (61%) and anti-Black (19%).
- ◆ The most frequently reported bias motivations for hate crimes against individuals were anti-Jewish (30%), anti-gay male (17%), and anti-Black (16%).
- ◆ Most hate crime incidents involved simple assault (44%) and criminal mischief (42%).
- ◆ The most common hate crime arrest charges were aggravated harassment (46%) and assault (28%).
- ◆ During the five-year period from 2019 through 2023, there were 401 convictions and youthful offender adjudications that resulted from hate crime arrests.

Hate crime incidents reported to police departments and sheriffs' offices in New York State increased 10 percent in 2023. The 1,062 incidents were the most reported since reporting began, with significant increases occurring in anti-Jewish, anti-Black, and anti-Gay Male hate crimes. Agencies reported 471 anti-Jewish crimes and 185 anti-Black crimes in 2023, the highest number for each since reporting began.

In New York City, reports of hate crimes increased 6 percent, with 629 reported. In the counties outside of New York City, there was an 18 percent increase, with 388 incidents reported. The Metropolitan Transportation Authority and New York State Park Police, each of which have jurisdiction in multiple counties, reported a total of 45 incidents.

The total number of hate crime incidents reported to police statewide in 2023 represents a fraction of total reported index crime. There were approximately 440,000 total index crimes reported in 2023, a 4 percent increase compared to 2022. Hate crimes, however, target individuals, groups of individuals, or property, based on a perception or belief about race, ethnicity, sex, sexual orientation, religion or other characteristic as defined by state law. This can result in these crimes adversely affecting entire communities, not just the intended targets.

Reported Hate Crime Incidents

Under New York's Hate Crime Law (Penal Law Article 485), a person commits a hate crime when a designated offense is committed against a victim who is targeted because of a perception or belief about their race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, religion, religious practice, age, disability or sexual orientation, or when such an act is committed as a result of that perception or belief. These crimes can target an individual, a group of individuals, or public or private property.

Table 1 details hate crime incidents reported by Uniform Crime Reporting categories that are used by the FBI to allow for uniform reporting across all 50 states. Appendix 4 details the New York State Penal Law crimes that correspond to the FBI's Uniform Crime Reporting categories.

Investigating officers are responsible for identifying an offense as a hate crime and specifying the bias motivation when reporting the incident.

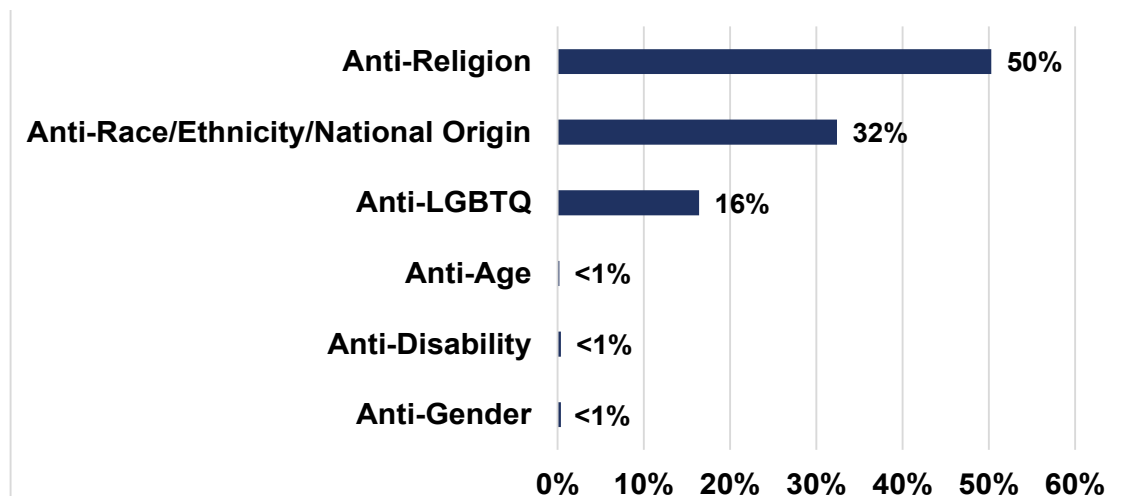
- Of the 1,062 hate crimes reported statewide, 562 (53%) targeted individuals and 500 (47%) targeted property.
- Simple assault (471) accounted for 44 percent of all hate crimes and 84 percent of hate crimes against individuals.
- Criminal mischief (451) accounted for 42 percent of all hate crimes and 90 percent of property crimes.

Table 1. Hate Crime Incidents by Offense Type 2023

UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent
Total	1,062	100%
Crimes Against Persons	562	53%
Murder	2	<1%
Robbery	18	2%
Aggravated Assault	69	6%
Kidnapping	0	<1%
Other Sex Offense	1	<1%
Simple Assault	471	44%
Unknown	1	<1%
Property Crimes	500	47%
Burglary	9	<1%
Larceny	28	3%
Arson	3	<1%
Criminal Mischief	451	42%
All Other Offenses	2	<1%
Unknown	7	<1%

Figure 1 shows the percentage of hate crime incidents reported by major bias type.

Figure 1. Percentage of Hate Crime Incidents by Major Bias Type 2023



- Anti-religious bias was the most common bias motivation and was reported in 534 incidents (50%).
- Race/Ethnicity/National Origin bias was reported in 344 incidents (32%).
- Anti-LGBTQ bias was reported in 174 incidents (16%).
- Appendix 1 details five-year trends for all hate crime bias motivation types.

Table 2. Bias Motivation by Offense Type 2023

Table 2 shows bias motivation for all hate crimes reported to police in 2023, and the bias motivation for crimes against individuals and property crimes.

- The most common bias motivation for all hate crimes was anti-religion, with 534 reported.
- Anti-Jewish bias accounted for 88 percent (471 of 534) of incidents involving bias against religion, and 44 percent (471 of 1,062) of all hate crime incidents.
- Anti-Black bias accounted for 54 percent (185 of 344) of the incidents involving bias against race/ethnicity/national origin and 17 percent (185 of 1,062) of all reported hate crimes.
- Anti-Gay Male bias accounted for 72 percent (125 of 174) of the incidents involving anti-LGBTQ bias and 12 percent (125 of 1,062) of all reported hate crimes.

Bias Motivation	Crimes Against Persons		Property Crimes		Total Crimes	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
Total	562	100%	500	100%	1,062	100%
Anti-Gender	1	<1%	3	<1%	4	<1%
Anti-Female	1	<1%	1	<1%	2	<1%
Anti-Male	0	<1%	2	<1%	2	<1%
Anti-Religion	206	37%	328	66%	534	50%
Jewish	167	30%	304	61%	471	44%
Islamic (Muslim)	30	5%	5	<1%	35	3%
Catholic	1	<1%	12	2%	13	1%
Other Religion	3	<1%	1	<1%	4	<1%
Hindu	1	<1%	1	<1%	2	<1%
Multi-Religious Groups	0	<1%	1	<1%	1	<1%
Sikh	2	<1%	0	<1%	2	<1%
Anti-Other Christian	0	<1%	2	<1%	2	<1%
Eastern Orthodox (Green, Russian, Religious Practice Generally	1	<1%	0	<1%	1	<1%
Buddhist	0	<1%	1	<1%	1	<1%
Protestant	0	<1%	1	<1%	1	<1%
Anti-Race/Ethnicity/National Origin	226	40%	118	24%	344	32%
Anti-Black	92	16%	93	19%	185	17%
Anti-Asian	50	9%	5	<1%	55	5%
Anti-Other Ethnicity/National Origin	31	6%	10	2%	41	4%
Anti-Hispanic	23	4%	2	<1%	25	2%
Anti-White	27	5%	6	1%	33	3%
Anti-Arab	2	<1%	0	<1%	2	<1%
Anti-Multi-Racial Groups	0	<1%	2	<1%	2	<1%
Anti-American Indian/Alaskan Native	1	<1%	0	<1%	1	<1%
Anti-LGBTQ	128	23%	46	9%	174	16%
Gay Male	96	17%	29	6%	125	12%
Transgender	17	3%	5	<1%	22	2%
Gay (Male and Female)	5	<1%	8	2%	13	1%
Gay Female	7	1%	4	<1%	11	1%
Anti-Gender Non-Conforming	3	<1%	0	<1%	3	<1%
Anti-Disability	1	<1%	3	<1%	4	<1%
Anti-Mental Disability	0	<1%	2	<1%	2	<1%
Anti-Physical Disability	1	<1%	1	<1%	2	<1%
Anti-Age	0	<1%	2	<1%	2	<1%

Crimes Against Persons

- Bias against race/ethnicity/national origin was the most common bias type in crimes against persons, with 226 incidents (40%) reported. This was followed by anti-religion, 206 incidents (37%), and anti-LGBTQ, 128 incidents (23%).
- Jewish individuals were the most commonly targeted group (167 of 562), followed by gay men (96), Black individuals (92), and Asian individuals (50).
- Within the anti-religion category, anti-Jewish bias accounted for 167 of 206 incidents (81%).

Property Crimes

- Of the 500 reported hate crimes targeting property, 66 percent (328) were motivated by an anti-religion bias.
- Anti-Jewish bias was the most commonly reported bias in incidents that targeted property: 61 percent (304 of 500 incidents).
- Bias against race/ethnicity/national origin accounted for 24 percent (118) of reported property crimes.
- The second most common bias type was anti-Black: 19 percent (93 of 500 incidents).
- Appendix 1 details five-year trends in bias motivation by offense type.

Offenders as Reported to Police

Reporting of offender demographic characteristics, by the victim or another party, is often incomplete, partly due to the fact that some hate crimes involving property do not involve direct contact between the target and perpetrator.

At least one type of offender demographic — sex, age or race/ethnicity — was reported in 548 incidents. Those incidents involved a total of 686 offenders (a single incident can involve multiple offenders).

Table 3 presents the sex, age and race/ethnicity of offenders in those 548 incidents as reported by a victim or other party.

Table 3. Sex, Age, and Race/Ethnicity of Known Offenders 2023

	Number	Percent
Total	686	100%
Sex		
Male	534	78%
Female	91	13%
Age		
15 & Under	54	8%
16 to 19	49	7%
20 to 24	34	5%
25 to 29	39	6%
30 to 34	61	9%
35 to 39	53	8%
40 to 44	50	7%
45 to 49	23	3%
50 to 54	32	5%
55 to 59	9	1%
60 to 64	23	3%
65 & older	12	2%
Race/Ethnicity		
White	201	29%
Black	207	30%
Hispanic	110	16%
Asian/Pacific Islander	25	4%

- The sex of 625 offenders was reported. The vast majority were male: 534 of 625 (85%).
- Age was reported for 439 offenders: 290 individuals (66%) were 39 years old or younger. The most common age range was 30 to 34 (61 offenders).

- Race/ethnicity of 543 offenders was reported: 207 were Black, 201 were White, 110 were Hispanic, and 25 were Asian/Pacific Islander.

Table 4 presents the number of offenders involved in the 548 hate crime incidents.

Table 4. Number of Offenders per Incident 2023

# Offenders Involved	Incidents Number	Percent
Total	548	100%
One	483	88%
Two	35	6%
Three	19	3%
Four	4	<1%
Five	2	<1%
Six	1	<1%
Seven	1	<1%
Eight	1	<1%
Fourteen	1	<1%
Fifteen	1	<1%

* Percentages may not add to 100 due to rounding.

- The vast majority of the 548 incidents (88%) involved one offender.
- Two or more offenders were reported in 65 incidents (12%).
- Of those 65 incidents, 35 involved two offenders, 19 involved three offenders, 4 involved four offenders, 2 involved five offenders, 5 involved six offenders or more. The most offenders reported for any one incident was 15.

Unknown Offenders

- No offender information was reported in 514 of the 1,062 (48%) reported hate crimes.
- Of those 514 incidents, 369 (72%) involved crimes against property.
- The majority of incidents with unknown offenders (68%) were criminal mischief (352 of 514).
- Of the incidents with unknown offenders, 62 percent (320) were motivated by anti-Jewish bias.

Reported Hate Crime Incidents and Arrests by County

Hate crime incidents and/or arrests were reported by police departments and sheriffs' offices in 47 of the state's 62 counties. Agencies reported no incidents or arrests in the remaining 15 counties; those counties are excluded from Table 5 below.¹

Arrests represent a hate crime charge being brought at the time of the arrest, as reported to DCJS by the arresting agency. The number of reported hate crime incidents and arrests in a given year should not be compared: not all hate crime incidents in a given year result in an arrest; arrests can occur in a different year than the associated crime; and one incident can involve multiple arrests.

Table 5. Hate Crime Incidents and Arrests by County and Region 2023

County	Incidents	Arrests	County	Incidents	Arrests	County	Incidents	Arrests
Total	1,062	394	Chautauqua	5	4	Livingston	1	0
Non-NYC	388	109	Cayuga	5	0	Franklin	1	1
Nassau	80	16	St. Lawrence	4	1	Clinton	1	1
Westchester	52	14	Onondaga	4	2	Chenango	1	0
Suffolk	30	6	Oneida	4	2	Chemung	1	1
Albany	30	4	Wayne	3	1	Delaware	0	1
Rockland	27	7	Washington	3	3			
Erie	23	10	Steuben	3	2			
Dutchess	14	3	Putnam	3	1			
Orange	13	6	Niagara	3	1	New York City	629	285
Tompkins	11	1	Broome	3	0	New York	251	109
Ulster	9	3	Yates	2	0	Kings	205	77
Schenectady	8	1	Jefferson	2	1	Queens	129	61
Monroe	7	3	Herkimer	2	0	Richmond	22	8
Ontario	6	1	Fulton	2	2	Bronx	22	30
Cattaraugus	6	4	Sullivan	1	0			
Saratoga	5	0	Seneca	1	1	Multiple Counties	45	0
Madison	5	0	Otsego	1	2	MTA	27	0
Cortland	5	1	Montgomery	1	2	NYS Park Police	18	0

- Law enforcement agencies in New York City (Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens and Richmond counties) reported 59 percent of all hate crime incidents in the state and made 72 percent of all hate crime arrests.
- In the counties outside New York City, 66 percent of incidents were reported by law enforcement agencies from seven counties: Nassau (80), Westchester (52), Albany (30), Suffolk (30), Rockland (27), Erie (23), and Dutchess (14).
- Police departments or sheriffs' offices in Delaware County made at least one hate crime arrest, but reported no incidents.

¹ The following 15 counties reported no hate crime incidents or arrests in 2023: Allegany, Columbia, Essex, Genesee, Greene, Hamilton, Lewis, Orleans, Oswego, Rensselaer, Schoharie, Schuyler, Tioga, Warren, Wyoming.

Note: The MTA (Metropolitan Transportation Authority) Police Department and NYS Park Police (New York State Park Police) serve multiple counties.

Hate Crime Arrests

New York State Penal Law Article 485 specifies the Penal Law offenses that can be charged as hate crimes. In addition, two Penal Law offenses (aggravated harassment in the first and second degree) are hate crimes based on the elements of the crime.

Table 6 shows the most serious Penal Law offense charged as a hate crime for the 394 arrests made in 2023. Of those, 47 percent were offenses against public order and 35 percent were assault and related offenses.

The most common hate crime arrest charges were second-degree aggravated harassment (129), a misdemeanor; third-degree assault (73), a misdemeanor; and first-degree aggravated harassment (53), a felony.

This table also groups arrest charges by the corresponding Uniform Crime Reporting category. As noted on Page 2, the FBI defines these categories.

Table 6. Arrests for Hate Crime by UCR Offense Category 2023*

PL	UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent	PL	UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent
Total		394	100%	Arson		1	<1%
				150.15	Arson 2nd	1	<1%
Murder & Manslaughter		2	<1%	Larceny & Theft		6	2%
125.25	Murder 2nd	2	<1%	155.35	Grand Larceny 3rd	1	<1%
Sex Offenses		2	<1%	155.30	Grand Larceny 4th	2	<1%
130.65	Sexual Abuse 1st*	1	<1%	155.25	Petit Larceny	3	<1%
130.50	Criminal Sexual Act 1st*	1	<1%	Burglary		17	4%
Robbery		5	1%	140.30	Burglary 1st	2	<1%
160.15	Robbery 1st	2	<1%	140.25	Burglary 2nd	2	<1%
160.05	Robbery 3rd	3	<1%	140.20	Burglary 3rd	9	2%
Assault & Related Offenses		136	35%	140.17	Criminal Trespass 1st	1	<1%
120.55	Stalking 2nd	1	<1%	140.15	Criminal Tresspass 2nd	3	<1%
120.50	Stalking 3rd	2	<1%	Criminal Mischief		35	9%
120.45	Stalking 4th	2	<1%	145.12	Criminal Mischief 2nd	1	<1%
120.25	Reckless Endangerment 1st	1	<1%	145.10	Criminal Mischief 2nd	2	<1%
120.15	Menacing 3rd	3	<1%	145.05	Criminal Mischief 3rd	7	2%
120.14	Menacing 2nd	19	5%	145.00	Criminal Mischief 4th	25	6%
120.10	Assault 1st	4	1%	Offenses Against Public Order		187	47%
120.05	Assault 2nd	31	8%	240.31	Aggravated Harassment 1st	53	13%
120.00	Assault 3rd	73	19%	240.30	Aggravated Harassment 2nd	129	33%
Other Violent Offenses		2	<1%	240.25	Harassment 1st	5	1%
135.20	Kidnapping 2nd	1	<1%	Other Offenses		1	<1%
121.12	Strangulation 2nd	1	<1%	490.27	Domestic Act Terrorism Motivated by Hate 2nd	1	<1%

*Offense categories include attempted offenses in addition to completed offenses.

Hate Crime Arrests Resulting in Convictions/Adjudications

The processing of cases in criminal court often takes months to complete and can result in a range of dispositions. Case processing times increased with the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 and such processing times remained longer in 2023 than they were pre-pandemic.

This section includes only hate crime arrests that resulted in either a criminal conviction or youthful offender adjudication² for the five-year period from 2019 through 2023. The term adjudication is used in cases involving youthful offenders because the case is sealed and details of the case are not permitted to be disclosed, except under limited circumstances defined in state law.

Courts reported 401 convictions and youthful offender adjudications to DCJS between 2019 and 2023.

Table 7 details crime type (felony or misdemeanor) and notes whether the conviction or youthful offender adjudication was for a hate crime or another Penal Law crime.

Table 7. Disposed Hate Crime Arrests Resulting in a Conviction or Adjudication 2019-2023

Disposition	Disposition Charge Type		Grand Total
	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	
Conviction - Felony	89	64	153
Conviction - Misdemeanor	98	142	240
YO adjudication	3	5	8
Total	190	211	401

- There were 401 dispositions reported: 190 (47%) resulted in convictions or youthful offender adjudications to hate crime offenses while 211 (53%) resulted in convictions or YO adjudications for offenses not designated as hate crimes.
- 60 percent (240) of dispositions involved misdemeanor convictions; 38 percent (153) involved felony convictions; and 2 percent (8) involved a youthful offender adjudication.
- Of the 190 dispositions to a hate crime charge, 52 percent (98) were misdemeanor convictions.
- Of the 211 dispositions that did not involve a hate crime charge, 67 percent (142) were misdemeanor convictions.

Conviction/Adjudication Charges

Table 8 shows the most serious charge for the 401 convictions and youthful offender adjudications, as reported for the five-year period from 2019 through 2023.

These charges are grouped by FBI Uniform Crime Reporting categories.

Table 8. Criminal Convictions and YO Adjudications for Hate Crime Arrests by UCR Offense Category 2019-2023

UCR Offense Category	Disposition Charge Type		Grand Total	
	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent
Total	190	211	401	100%
Crimes Against Persons	163	119	282	70%
Simple Assault	125	78	203	51%
Aggravated Assault	34	32	66	16%
Robbery	3	4	7	2%
Non-Negligent Manslaughter	1	0	1	<1%
Sex Offense (Except Rape or Prostitution)	0	2	2	<1%
Expanded Rape	0	2	2	<1%
Kidnapping	0	1	1	<1%
Property Crimes	26	63	89	22%
Criminal Mischief	21	40	61	15%
Larceny	4	9	13	3%
Burglary	1	12	13	3%
Stolen Property	0	1	1	<1%
Fraud	0	1	1	<1%
Crimes Against Society	0	8	8	2%
Dangerous Weapons	0	7	7	2%
Driving Under The Influence	0	1	1	<1%
Other Offenses	1	21	22	5%
All Other Offenses (Except Traffic)	1	21	22	5%

- Of all dispositions, 70 percent involved crimes against individuals (282). The majority of these convictions were categorized either as simple assault (203) or aggravated assault (66).
- Property crime offenses were involved in 22 percent of dispositions. The most common property crime dispositions were categorized as criminal mischief (61), larceny (13), and burglary (13).
- Appendix 5 details disposition charges by New York State Penal Law offense.

² Offenders who are 16 through 18 at the time of their crime may be adjudicated as youthful offenders by a judge (Criminal Procedure Law 720.10). A youthful offender adjudication broadens sentencing options and seals the criminal record.

Sentences for Convictions and Youthful Offender Adjudications

Table 9 presents the type of sentence imposed by judges in connection with the 401 convictions and youthful offender adjudications* for hate crime arrests reported from 2019 through 2023.

Table 9. Sentences from Hate Crime Arrests 2019-2023

Sentence	Disposition Charge Type		Grand Total	
	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent
Total	190	211	401	100%
Prison	51	40	91	23%
Jail	69	65	134	33%
Time Served	11	16	27	7%
Probation	24	36	60	15%
Conditional Discharge	25	45	70	17%
Fine	7	6	13	3%
Unconditional Discharge	1	1	2	<1%
Sentence Pending	2	2	4	<1%

The most common sentence imposed by the court was jail, accounting for 33 percent (134 of 401) of the reported sentences. Of the remaining sentences:

- 91 (23%) were to state prison.
- 70 (17%) were conditional discharges.
- 60 (15%) were to local probation.

**Youthful offender adjudications are sealed but individuals can serve any of the sentence types noted.*

Appendix 1: Bias Motivation for Hate Crime Incidents 2019 - 2023

Appendix 1 shows the number of reported hate crime incidents by bias motivation category and specific bias type for 2019 through 2023.

The table shows the total number of incidents and breaks down crimes against individuals and crimes against property.

Hate Crime in New York State Annual Reports dating back to 2018 are available here:

www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/pubs.htm.

Hate crime incidents by law enforcement agency and county annually from 2019 through 2023 are available here:

<http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/ojsa/stats.htm>

Hate Crimes by County and Bias Type annually since 2010 are available through New York's Open Data Portal:

<https://data.ny.gov>

	Crimes Against Persons					Property Crimes					Total				
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total	214	227	442	500	562	430	278	350	466	500	644	505	792	966	1,062
Anti-Gender	0	7	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	7	5	0	4
Anti-Female	0	6	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	6	4	0	2
Anti-Male	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	2
Anti-Religion	74	54	92	125	206	303	165	217	295	328	377	219	309	420	534
Anti-Jewish	61	48	71	95	167	283	146	200	261	304	344	194	271	356	471
Anti-Islamic (Muslim)	12	5	15	20	30	4	3	5	6	5	16	8	20	26	35
Anti-Catholic	0	0	2	0	1	8	12	7	15	12	8	12	9	15	13
Anti-Other Religion	0	0	3	3	3	2	0	2	2	1	2	0	5	5	4
Anti-Multi-Religious Groups	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	1	2	0	0	4	1
Anti-Other Christian	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	2	2	0	1	0	2
Anti-Hindu	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	3	1	0	2	0	4	2
Anti-Sikh	0	0	1	3	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	2
Anti-Religious Practice Generally	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	1
Anti-Jehovahs Witness	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
Anti-Buddhist	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	1	1
Anti-Protestant	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
Anti-Eastern Orthodox (Greek, Russian, etc.)	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1
Anti-Race/Ethnicity/National Origin	83	122	229	255	226	94	98	102	137	118	177	220	331	392	344
Anti-Black	29	60	51	72	92	66	70	69	99	93	95	130	120	171	185
Anti-Asian	4	23	120	85	50	1	8	20	15	5	5	31	140	100	55
Anti-White	31	16	23	23	27	6	5	4	6	6	37	21	27	29	33
Anti-Other Ethnicity/National Origin	4	9	10	41	31	10	9	6	13	10	14	18	16	54	41
Anti-Hispanic	9	7	18	27	23	7	3	2	2	2	16	10	20	29	25
Anti-Multi-Racial Groups	1	6	3	2	0	1	3	1	2	2	2	9	4	4	2
Anti-Arab	4	1	4	4	2	3	0	0	0	0	7	1	4	4	2
Anti-American Indian/Alaskan Native	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Anti-Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-LGBTQ	57	43	116	119	128	32	13	29	30	46	89	56	145	149	174
Anti-Gay Male	36	25	78	90	96	22	7	19	18	29	58	32	97	108	125
Anti-Transgender	14	12	23	17	17	2	1	1	3	5	16	13	24	20	22
Anti-Gay (Male and Female)	3	2	7	5	5	7	2	4	6	8	10	4	11	11	13
Anti-Gay Female	4	3	7	7	7	1	2	2	3	4	5	5	9	10	11
Anti-Gender Non-Conforming	0	1	1	0	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	2	2	0	3
Anti-Bisexual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Anti-Disability	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	3	1	1	0	2	4
Anti-Physical Disability	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	2
Anti-Mental Disability	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	2
Anti-Age	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	2	0	2	2	3	2
Anti-Age	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	3	2	0	2	2	3	2

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 4/14/2025).

Appendix 2: Hate Crime Incidents by County 2019 - 2023

Appendix 2 shows the number of reported hate crime incidents by county for 2019 through 2023.

Law enforcement agencies in 59 counties reported at least one hate crime incident during that five-year period.

Three counties reported no incidents during these five years and are excluded from the table: Lewis, Orleans, and Schuyler.

County	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	County	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Statewide	644	505	792	966	1,062	Oswego	1	2	2	4	0
Non-NYC	188	212	249	328	388	Otsego	0	2	1	1	1
Albany	12	8	23	36	30	Putnam	0	1	0	0	3
Allegany	0	0	1	0	0	Rensselaer	0	0	4	2	0
Broome	0	7	3	8	3	Rockland	10	5	8	16	27
Cattaraugus	1	2	2	8	6	St. Lawrence	2	1	6	5	4
Cayuga	0	3	10	6	5	Saratoga	4	7	2	4	5
Chautauqua	0	2	3	1	5	Schenectady	1	0	3	9	8
Chemung	0	1	1	1	1	Schoharie	1	2	1	2	0
Chenango	0	0	1	0	1	Seneca	0	0	1	1	1
Clinton	3	9	5	1	1	Steuben	0	1	1	0	3
Columbia	0	8	1	0	0	Suffolk	20	8	28	28	30
Cortland	2	0	0	1	5	Sullivan	3	0	0	2	1
Delaware	0	1	2	1	0	Tioga	1	1	1	0	0
Dutchess	10	8	12	8	14	Tompkins	0	7	2	2	11
Erie	8	12	15	18	23	Ulster	4	3	5	5	9
Essex	0	3	1	1	0	Warren	0	1	1	0	0
Franklin	0	2	0	4	1	Washington	0	0	2	0	3
Fulton	0	0	0	2	2	Wayne	1	1	1	0	3
Genesee	0	0	1	2	0	Westchester	29	40	26	40	52
Greene	0	1	3	1	0	Wyoming	0	0	1	1	0
Hamilton	0	0	0	2	0	Yates	0	0	0	1	2
Herkimer	1	2	0	0	2						
Jefferson	0	2	2	1	2						
Livingston	1	0	0	0	1	New York City	420	272	514	594	629
Madison	1	2	3	0	5	Bronx	28	22	51	41	22
Monroe	13	16	14	16	7	Kings	182	103	131	204	205
Montgomery	1	0	0	1	1	New York	132	82	211	238	251
Nassau	34	28	32	61	80	Queens	68	47	106	87	129
Niagara	1	2	3	4	3	Richmond	10	18	15	24	22
Oneida	5	3	6	8	4						
Onondaga	2	0	3	3	4	Multiple County*	36	21	29	44	45
Ontario	5	3	1	2	6	MTA	26	12	17	33	27
Orange	11	5	5	8	13	NYS Park Police	10	9	12	11	18

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 4/14/2025).

* The MTA (Metropolitan Transportation Authority) Police Department and NYS Park Police (New York State Park Police) serve multiple counties.

Appendix 3: Hate Crime Incidents by Offense Type 2019 - 2023

Appendix 3 details hate crime incidents reported from 2019 to 2023 by Uniform Crime Reporting offense type.

Reported hate crimes increased 10 percent when comparing 2023 to 2022. An all-time high of 1,062 incidents was reported in 2023.

Crimes against persons increased by 12 percent and crimes against property increased 7 percent from 2022 to 2023. The 562 incidents reported against persons in 2023 was the most reported during the five-year period. Aggravated assault incidents decreased 25 percent and simple assault incidents increased 21 percent to 471, the most reported during the five-year period.

There were 451 incidents of criminal mischief in 2023, the most reported during the five-year period, and a 4 percent increase compared to 2022.

Offense Type	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	% Change 23 v 22
Total	644	505	792	966	1,062	10%
Crimes Against Persons	214	227	442	500	562	12%
Murder or Manslaughter	1	1	0	0	2	N/A
Rape	1	0	0	1	0	N/A
Robbery	7	7	15	13	18	38%
Aggravated Assault	36	34	78	92	69	-25%
Kidnapping	0	0	2	1	0	N/A
Other Sex Offense	0	0	0	1	1	N/A
Simple Assault	169	184	345	389	471	21%
Unknown	0	1	2	3	1	N/A
Property Crimes	430	278	350	466	500	7%
Burglary	11	9	6	9	9	N/A
Larceny-Theft	9	11	15	17	28	65%
Arson	1	0	0	2	3	N/A
Criminal Mischief	409	256	326	433	451	4%
All Other Offenses	0	1	0	0	1	N/A
Unknown	0	1	3	5	8	N/A

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 4/14/2025).

Note: Although the Uniform Crime Reporting system categorizes robbery as a crime against property, for purposes of this report it is categorized as a crime against persons.

Note: Percent change is not calculated when counts are fewer than 10.

Appendix 4: Hate Crime Incidents by Penal Law Offense 2019 - 2023

Appendix 4 on Page 13 details the number of offenses reported by law enforcement agencies annually from 2019 through 2023. These statistics are detailed for each year by Uniform Crime Reporting category and New York State Penal Law offense.³

Note:

During the years 2020-2022, the New York City Police Department frequently did not report subsection information for first-degree aggravated harassment (PL 240.31) incidents and second-degree aggravated harassment (PL 240.30) incidents. These incidents are listed as “Unspecified” under each offense in Appendix 4.

- All subsections of first-degree aggravated harassment have elements that make the offense a hate crime.
- Only one subsection of second-degree aggravated harassment (subsection 3) has elements that make the offense a hate crime; the four other subsections are not hate crimes.

Appendix 5: Hate Crime Convictions and Adjudications by Penal Law Offense 2019 - 2023

Appendix 5 on Page 14 details the number of criminal convictions or youthful offender adjudications resulting from hate crime arrests. These dispositions are detailed by Uniform Crime Reporting category and New York State Penal Law offense.⁴

³Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 4/14/2025).

⁴Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History system (as of 4/15/2025).

Appendix 4: Hate Crime Incidents by Penal Law Offense 2019 - 2023

PL	UCR Offense Category	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Total		644	505	792	966	1,062
Murder & Manslaughter		1	1	0	0	2
125.25	Murder 2nd	1	1	0	0	2
Sex Offenses		1	0	0	2	1
130.35	Rape 1st	1	0	0	1	0
130.65	Sexual Abuse 1st	0	0	0	1	1
Robbery		7	7	15	13	18
160.05	Robbery 3rd	0	3	3	1	8
160.10	Robbery 2nd	4	2	9	11	9
160.15	Robbery 1st	3	2	3	1	1
Assault & Related Offenses		103	86	215	256	235
120.00	Assault 3rd	57	34	110	126	154
120.05	Assault 2nd	30	23	61	72	44
120.10	Assault 1st	1	3	4	5	2
120.13	Menacing 1st	0	1	2	3	0
120.14	Menacing 2nd	10	12	28	31	24
120.15	Menacing 3rd	2	5	6	11	9
120.20	Reckless Endangerment 2nd	1	1	0	3	0
120.25	Reckless Endangerment 1st	1	0	3	1	1
120.45	Stalking 4th	0	7	1	3	1
120.50	Stalking 3rd	1	0	0	1	0
Other Violent Offenses		0	1	4	4	1
121.12	Strangulation 2nd	0	1	2	2	1
121.13	Strangulation 1st	0	0	0	1	0
135.05	Unlawful Imprisonment 2nd	0	0	2	0	0
135.10	Unlawful Imprisonment 1st	0	0	0	1	0
Arson		1	0	0	2	3
150.05	Arson 4th	0	0	0	1	0
150.10	Arson 3rd	1	0	0	0	1
150.15	Arson 2nd	0	0	0	0	2
150.20	Arson 1st	0	0	0	1	0
Larceny - Theft		9	12	18	21	35
155.25	Petit Larceny	4	3	4	7	19
155.30	Grand Larceny 4th	5	7	11	10	9
155.35	Grand Larceny 3rd	0	1	3	4	7
155.40	Grand Larceny 2nd	0	1	0	0	0
Burglary		11	10	6	9	10
140.10	Criminal Trespass 3rd	8	1	2	0	0
140.15	Criminal Trespass 2nd	0	1	0	0	1
140.20	Burglary 3rd	2	6	4	4	6
140.25	Burglary 2nd	1	2	0	3	2
140.30	Burglary 1st	0	0	0	2	1
Criminal Mischief		268	164	202	264	295
145.00	Criminal Mischief 4th	211	140	160	199	227
145.05	Criminal Mischief 3rd	44	15	33	53	55
145.10	Criminal Mischief 2nd	13	8	9	12	12
145.12	Criminal Mischief 1st	0	1	0	0	1
Offenses Against Public Order		237	211	322	381	460
240.31 Aggravated Harassment 1st		141	92	131	169	156
Sub 00	Unspecified	0	60	28	39	16
Sub 01	Damage Religious Premises > \$50	9	2	4	5	7
Sub 02	Commit Harassment 2nd w/ Prior Conviction	0	0	7	0	1
Sub 03	Place a Swastika on Property	127	27	86	122	129
Sub 05	Display a Noose on Property	5	3	6	3	3
240.30 Aggravated Harassment 2nd		96	119	191	211	228
Sub 00	Unspecified	5	50	28	16	16
Sub 01	Communicate in Manner Likely to Cause Alarm	25	25	65	63	54
Sub 02	Telephone w/o Legitimate Communication	3	2	4	9	17
Sub 03	Physical Contact Due to Race, Religion, etc.	62	40	91	119	139
Sub 04	Commit Harassment 1st w/ Prior Conviction	1	2	3	4	2
240.25 Harassment 1st		6	13	10	14	76
Other Offenses*		0	0	0	1	2

*Offenses categorized as "Other Offenses" include: PL 105.00, PL 105.05, PL 105.10

Appendix 5: Hate Crime Convictions and Adjudications by Penal Law Offense 2019 - 2023*

PL	UCR Offense Category	Disposition Charge Type		Grand Total	
		Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent
Total		190	211	401	100%
Murder & Manslaughter		2	0	2	<1%
125.20	Manslaughter 1st	1	0	1	<1%
125.25	Murder 2nd	1	0	1	<1%
Sex Offenses		0	3	3	<1%
130.50	Criminal Sexual Act 1st*	0	1	1	<1%
130.52	Forcible Touching*	0	1	1	<1%
130.95	Sexual Abuse 1st*	0	1	1	<1%
Robbery		2	4	6	1%
160.05	Robbery 3rd	1	0	1	<1%
160.10	Robbery 2nd	1	3	4	<1%
160.15	Robbery 1st	0	1	1	<1%
Assault & Related Offenses		81	87	168	42%
120.00	Assault 3rd	46	44	90	22%
120.05	Assault 2nd	17	24	41	10%
120.10	Assault 1st	3	3	6	1%
120.14	Menacing 2nd	6	9	15	4%
120.15	Menacing 3rd	7	2	9	2%
120.20	Reckless Endangerment 2nd	1	1	2	<1%
120.25	Reckless Endangerment 1st	0	1	1	<1%
120.45	Stalking 4th	1	1	2	<1%
120.50	Stalking 3rd	0	2	2	<1%
Other Violent Offenses		1	2	3	<1%
121.12	Strangulation 2nd	1	1	2	<1%
135.20	Kidnapping 2nd	0	1	1	<1%
Larceny - Theft		4	10	14	3%
155.25	Petit Larceny	1	5	6	1%
155.30	Grand Larceny 4th	0	3	3	<1%
155.35	Grand Larceny 3rd	2	1	3	<1%
155.40	Grand Larceny 2nd	1	0	1	<1%
165.45	Criminal Possession of Stolen Property 4th	0	1	1	<1%
Burglary		2	14	16	4%
140.15	Criminal Trespass 2nd	1	2	3	<1%
140.20	Burglary 3rd	1	1	2	<1%
140.25	Burglary 2nd	0	11	11	3%
Criminal Mischief		13	42	55	14%
145.00	Criminal Mischief 4th	10	36	46	11%
145.05	Criminal Mischief 3rd	2	1	3	<1%
145.10	Criminal Mischief 2nd	1	0	1	<1%
145.60	Making Graffiti	0	5	5	1%
Offenses Against Public Order		80	20	100	25%
240.75	Aggravated Family Offense	0	1	1	<1%
240.50	Falsely Reporting an Incident 3rd	0	1	1	<1%
240.32	Aggravated Harrassment of Employee by Inmate	0	1	1	<1%
240.31 Aggravated Harassment 1st		8	0	8	2%
Sub 03	Place a Swastika on Property	7	0	7	2%
Sub 05	Display Noose on Property	1	0	1	<1%
240.30 Aggravated Harassment 2nd		72	16	88	22%
Sub 00	Unspecified	0	5	5	1%
Sub 01	Communicate in Manner Likely to Cause Alarm	5	7	12	3%
Sub 02	Phone w/o Legitimate Communications	1	3	4	<1%
Sub 03	Physical Contact Due to Race, Religion, etc.	65	0	65	16%
Sub 04	Physical Contact Causing Injury	1	1	2	<1%
240.25 Harassment 1st		0	1	1	<1%
Other Offenses**		5	29	34	8%

*Offense categories include attempted offenses in addition to completed offenses.

** Offenses categorized as "Other Offenses" include: PL 115.00, PL 190.80, PL 195.05, PL 205.30, PL 215.50, PL 215.51, PL 220.03, PL 245.00, PL 260.10, PL 265.01, PL 265.02, PL 265.03, VTL 1192.